## 2nd Grade Priority Standards

Math 2021-22

| Strand | Priority Standards | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operations and Algebraic Thinking | 2.OA.1-Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve one- and two-step word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from putting together, taking apart and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem. <br> MP.1, MP.2, MP. 4 | Unit 1 <br> Unit 2 | Unit 2 <br> Unit 3 |  | Unit 6 |
| Operations and Algebraic Thinking | 2.OA.2-Fluently add and subtract within 20 using mental strategies. MP.2, MP.7, MP. 8 | Unit 1 | Unit 3 |  |  |
| Strand | Priority Standards | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
| Number and Operations in Base Ten | 2.NBT.1-Understand that the three digits of a three-digit number represents amounts of hundreds, tens and ones. Understand the following as special cases <br> a. 100 can be thought of as a bundle of ten tens - called a "hundred." <br> b. The numbers $100,200,300,400,500,600,700,800,900$ refer to one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine hundreds(and 0 tens and 0 ones). <br> MP.2, MP. 7 |  |  | Unit 4 <br> Unit 5 | Unit 5 |
| Number and Operations in Base Ten | 2.NBT.2-Count forwards and backwards within 1000; skip-count by 5 s, 10 s and 100 s . |  |  | Unit 4 | Unit 6 |
| Number and Operations in Base Ten | 2.NBT.3-Read and write numbers to 1000 using base-ten numerals, number names and expanded form. <br> MP. 7 |  |  | Unit 4 <br> Unit 5 | Unit 5 |
| Number and Operations in | 2.NBT.4-Compare two three-digit numbers based on meanings of the hundreds, tens and ones digits, using >, =, and < symbols to record the |  |  | Unit 4 |  |

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| Base Ten | results of the comparisons. |  |  |  |  |
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| Number and Operations in Base Ten | 2.NBT.5-Fluently add and subtract within 100 using strategies based on place value, properties of operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction. <br> MP.2, MP. 8 | Unit 1 <br> Unit 2 | Unit 2 <br> Unit 3 | Unit 5 | Unit 5 |
| Number and Operations in Base Ten | 2.NBT.7-Add and subtract within 1000. <br> a.Represent and solve addition and subtraction problems using: <br> - concrete models or drawings; <br> - strategies based on place value; <br> - properties of operations; <br> - the relationship between addition and subtraction and; <br> - relate drawings and strategies to expressions or equations. <br> b. Understand that in adding or subtracting three-digit numbers, one adds or subtracts hundreds and hundreds, tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose or decompose tens or hundreds. <br> MP.1, MP. 5 |  |  | Unit 5 | Unit 5 |
| Number and Operations in Base Ten | 2.NBT.8-Mentally add 10 or 100 to a given number 100-900 and mentally subtract 10 or 100 from a given number 100-900. <br> MP.7, MP. 8 |  |  | Unit 5 | Unit 5 |
| Strand | Priority Standards | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
| Measurement and Data | 2.MD.1-Measure the length of an object by selecting and using appropriate tools such as rulers, yardsticks, meter sticks and measuring tapes. <br> MP.5, MP. 6 | Unit 2 | Unit 2 |  |  |
| Measurement and Data | 2.MD.4-Measure to determine how much longer one object is than another, expressing the length difference in terms of either a customary or metric standard length unit. | Unit 2 | Unit 2 |  |  |

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|  | MP.5, MP.6 |  |  |  |
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| Measurement <br> and Data | 2.MD.6-Represent whole numbers as lengths from 0 on a number line <br> with equally spaced points corresponding to the numbers 0, $1,2, \ldots$ and <br> represent whole-number sums and differences within 100 on a number <br> line. <br> MP.3, MP.4 | Unit 1 |  |  |

Quarter 1: 8-9-21 thru 10-18-21
Quarter 2: 10-19-21 thru 12-17-21
Quarter 3: 1-3-22 thru 3-8-22
Quarter 4: 3-9-22 thru 5-20-22

